

• By adding -en or -ren:

Singular	Meaning	Plural	Singular	Meaning	Plural	Singular	Meaning	Plural
ox	बैल	oxen	chick	छुत्ता		child	बच्चा	

The plural and singular forms of some nouns are the same:

hair	बाल	knowledge	ज्ञान	deer	मृग	sheep	भेड़
scissors	कैंची	cattle	पशु	score	स्कोर	cannon	कैनन
dozen	दर्जन	shoes	जूते	fish	मछली	information	सूचना

By adding 'a pair of' before some plural nouns, we change them to singular nouns. कुछ plural nouns से पहले a pair of जोड़कर उन्हें singular noun के रूप में परिवर्तित किया जा सकता है।

a pair of trousers	a pair of spectacles	a pair of scissors
a pair of shoes	a pair of shorts	a pair of chopsticks
a pair of boots	a pair of sandals	a pair of slippers
a pair of stockings	a pair of gloves	a pair of tongs

G. Rewrite the following sentences by using the plural nouns correctly.

- We get wools from sheep.
- There are enough monies in my wallet.
- The guest arrived in time for the party.
- Please add spoonfuls of sugar to my tea.
- The companies were locked out after the raids.
- My brother plays billiard at international level.
- Maya enjoys playing with tennis balls every evening.
- The intelligence of gorilla have been established by much research.

Uncountable nouns are the names of things which cannot be counted, e.g. tea, honesty, gold, sugar, etc.

Uncountable nouns उन वस्तुओं के नाम होते हैं जिनकी counting हम नहीं कर सकते जैसे tea, honesty, gold, sugar, आदि।

Uncountable nouns do not have plural form e.g. We say pens not sugars. Some common uncountable nouns are much, little, a little or a lot of.

Uncountable nouns की plural form नहीं होती। हम pens कहते हैं sugars नहीं। कुछ uncountable nouns हैं much, little, a little या a lot of।

H. Fill in the blanks with much / a little / a lot of.

- _____ candies were gifted to me.
- I had _____ contacts in the embassy.

- 3. I need _____ advice.
- 4. How _____ water do you require?
- 5. _____ knowledge is harmful.

Gender

We usually say difference in sex. In grammar, we call it the difference of gender.

Gender Nouns चार प्रकार के होते हैं।

- पुल्लिंग (masculine gender) शब्द male sex बताते हैं, जैसे - horse, man।
- स्त्रीलिंग (feminine gender) शब्द female sex बताते हैं, जैसे - mare, women।
- उभयलिंग (common gender) शब्द पुरुष एवं स्त्री दोनों का बताते हैं, जैसे - child, animal।
- नपुंसकलिंग (neuter gender) निर्जीव वस्तुओं के लिए संज्ञा शब्द हैं, जैसे - plant, pencil।

Forming Feminine Gender

Feminine gender can be formed by adding a few words at the end of a masculine word.

पुल्लिंग शब्द के अंत में एक भिन्न शब्द जोड़कर स्त्रीलिंग शब्द बनाना -

- | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Example: king - queen | brother - sister | male - female |
| lion - lioness | tiger - tigress | hero - heroine |

Compound Noun के पहले या बाद में शब्द बदलकर -

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Example: gentleman - gentlewoman | grandfather - grandmother |
| landlord - landlady | schoolmaster - schoolmistress |

I. Write the gender of each of the following nouns. (Masculine-M, Feminine-F, Common-C, Neuter-N)

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. son _____ | 2. daughter _____ | 3. brother _____ | 4. father _____ |
| 5. cousin _____ | 6. road _____ | 7. drake _____ | 8. brush _____ |
| 9. Anu _____ | 10. niece _____ | 11. uncle _____ | 12. pen _____ |
| 13. clock _____ | 14. pitcher _____ | 15. cow _____ | 16. leaf _____ |

J. Rewrite the following sentences by changing the masculine gender into feminine gender.

- 1. A king's son is a prince.
- 2. My father has two sons.
- 3. The twin babies are brothers.
- 4. Grandfather is my uncle's father.
- 5. The boy helped the old man across the road.